

# Kibo Utilization Scenarios toward 2020

- □ JAXA has defined its Kibo Utilization scenarios toward 2020,
  - ✓ to obtain ISS/Kibo utilization results which have major impacts on science technology, industry, and society,
  - ✓ to make Kibo fully utilized in efficient manner.
- ☐ Kibo Utilization scenarios scope research areas in the fields of "life science", "space medicine", and "physical science" to be performed in Kibo pressurized module (PM) toward 2020.
- The scenarios summarize prioritized areas and goals for each research field according to the view points as follows;
  - Forefront scientific research only enabled by ISS/Kibo,
  - 2. Fundamental research and development for the future space activities.

# Prioritized goals in the field of Life Science

## **Prioritized Goal 1**

Integrative comprehension of adaptation process by living organisms to the space environment

### **Prioritized Goal 2**

Building-up scientific knowledge bases to expand human activity into space

## Prioritized targets corresponding to model organisms

#### **Plants**



Fundamental research on plant utilization in space

## Microorganisms



Research on microbial involvement in human space activities

#### Cells



Observation of Intracellular dynamics in space and genome-wide analysis

## Vertebrates (fish)



Integrative
understanding of
space
environmental
and long-term
effects

#### **Mammals**



Integrative
research on
space
environmental
effects aiming
application in
human

## **Cross-cutting fields**

- Gravitational biology: Elucidation of gravity sensing and responding mechanisms
- Radiation biology: Biological effects of space radiation environment inside the pressurized module

# Prioritized goals in the field of Space Medicine

- ◆Prioritized Goals of Space Medicine
  - Goal1 : Space medicine research to improve health care technologies of astronauts.
  - Goal 2 : Space biomedical research to elucidate fundamental mechanisms of the effects of space flight on humans and animals
- Prioritized Research Areas and Critical issues
  - (1) Physiological Countermeasure
  - Countermeasures to prevent bone loss and metabolic disorder of bone mineral
  - Monitoring & countermeasure to sleep and biological rhythms
  - Evaluation & preventive countermeasure to muscle atrophy

- Mechanism clarification & preventive measures to bone loss and muscle atrophy
- Space environmental stress responses in cardiovascular, neuro-vestibular, and immune systems
- Multi-generation effects of space flight by use of model animals (medaka fish, mouse, rat)

- (2) Psychological Support
- Monitoring/ countermeasure of Stress/Fatigue
- (3)Health Care against Space Radiation
  - Advanced space radiation dose monitoring technology

- (4) Space Environmental medicine
- Monitoring of water, air, microorganism, and noise
   & work environmental management
- (5) Space Telemedicine
- Bio-monitoring & Disease prevention
- Dose assessment of low-dose, long-duration space radiation exposure & Development of bio-marker
- Prevention & protection of biological effects from space radiation exposure

# Prioritized areas in the field of Physical Science

- Precondition to identify prioritized areas
  - 1. Scientific areas most academically significant or social spillover is expected, as well as the systems are most notably and significantly affected by gravity.
  - 2. Placing priority on new research areas where space experiments have not been sufficiently conducted.
  - 3. It is not necessary for experiment themes to be connected with the existing facilities in setting priority areas.
- Prioritized areas

Guideline 1:Forefront scientific research only enabled by ISS/Kibo

- Long-term issues
  - ✓ Contribution to new combustion technology for mitigating environmental loads.
  - ✓ Science and technology of bubbles, droplets and films.
  - ✓ Equilibrium and non-equilibrium phenomena under extreme and plasma environments.
- Short-term issues
  - ✓ Producing new materials from super cooled phase by container-less processing.
  - ✓ Survey of useful soft matter to society.

Guideline 2: Fundamental research and development for the future space activities

✓ Fundamental research for international fire safety standard in space.